

Name: _____

Date: _____

Strong Acids and Bases

1. Calculate the pH of a solution with $[H^+] = 5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$.

$$\text{pH} = 4.3$$

2. Calculate the pH of a solution with $[H^+] = 1 \text{ M}$.

$$\text{pH} = 0$$

3. Calculate the pH of a 0.01 M solution of HCl.

$$\text{pH} = 2$$

4. Calculate the pH of a 0.05 M solution of NaOH.

$$\text{pH} = 1.30$$

5. Calculate the pH of a $7.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$ solution of $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$.

$$\text{pH} = 9.176$$

6. Find $[H^+]$ of a solution with $\text{pH} = 3$.

$$[H^+] = 10^{-3} \text{ M}$$

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7. Find $[\text{OH}^-]$ of a solution with $\text{pH} = 8$.

$$[\text{OH}^-] = 10^{-6} \text{ M}$$

8. A 1.0 L solution of HCl has a $\text{pH} = 1$. How many liters of distilled water must be added to change the pH to 2?

9 Liters

9. 6 g of LiOH is added to water to make 500 ml of solution. What is the pH ?

$$\text{pH} = 13.7$$

10. What volume of 0.05 M HI is required to neutralize 50 ml of 0.01 M $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ solution?

20 ml